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METHODS OF DIAGNOSING LIVER FIBROSIS ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method of diagnosing the presence or severity of liver fibrosis in an individual by detecting $\alpha 2$ -macroglobulin ($\alpha 2$ -MG) in a sample from the individual; detecting hyaluronic acid (HA) in a sample from the individual; detecting tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases-1 (TIMP-1) in a sample from the individual; and diagnosing the presence or severity of liver fibrosis in the individual based on the presence or level of $\alpha 2$ -MG, HA and TIMP-1.